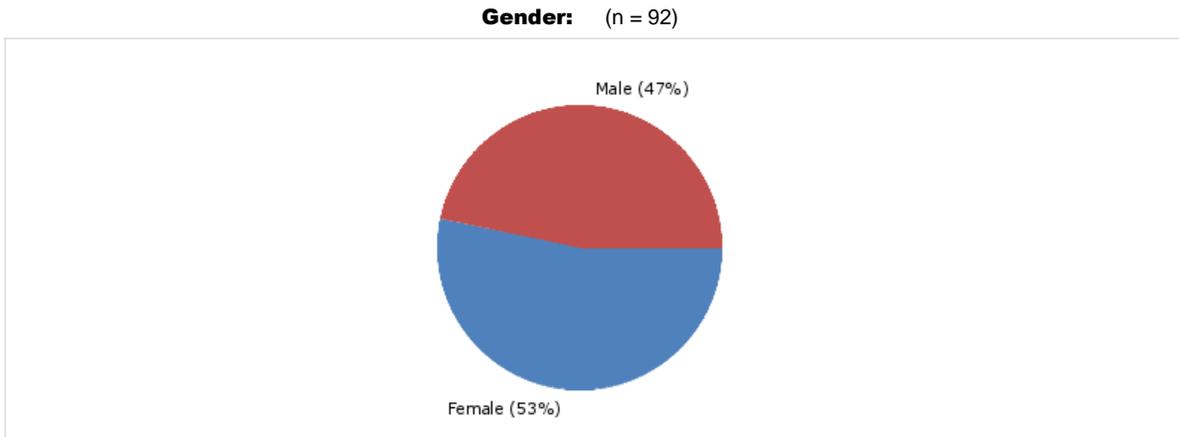


ANALYSIS - Charts

Data collection took place from 29.3.17, 17:59 to 18.5.17, 23:20



Characterization of the sample and extrapolation of some conclusions on the characteristics of the sample

It was very difficult to reach young NEETs, and the sample that answered this questionnaire are young people who are enrolled in the employment center of the city of Silves, but there are many NEETs institutions have lost track of and that are not registered anywhere, due to the fact that they have lost entitlement to unemployment benefit because they are long-term unemployed.

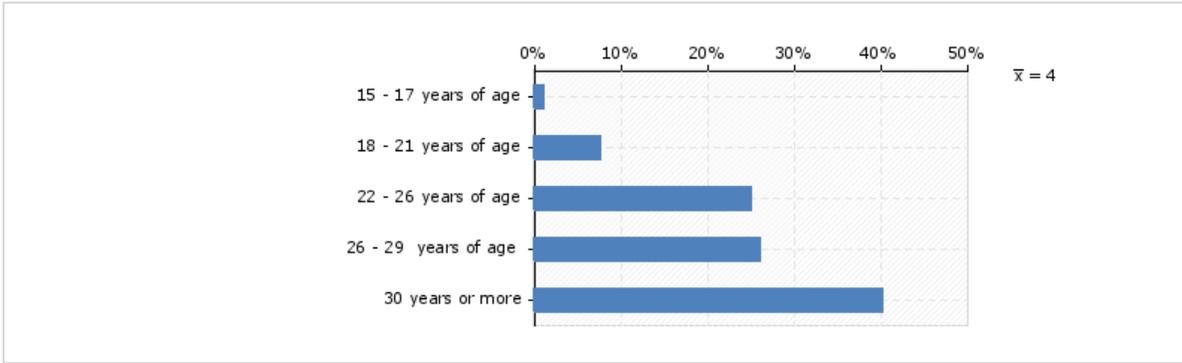
Of the 92 respondents, 53% are female. Note that as the age increases the number of people in NEET situation also increases, especially for the number of people over 30, affecting almost half of the people surveyed. We are convinced that this percentage is representative of what happens in the country.

The number of NEETs under 18 years old is around 0%, because in the Portuguese educational system, schooling is compulsory until the age of 18. However the way to a future NEET begins even before 18 with school failure, the lack of class attendance, lack of family presence in the school activities of the youngsters and teenagers' entry into deviant ways in what a young person life goals should concern.

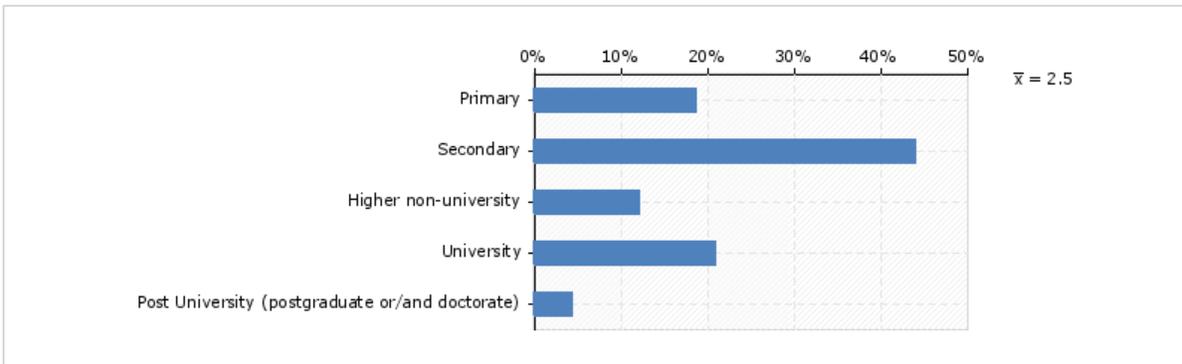
The highest expression of people who answered the study had had secondary education, and in this categorization there is a level of schooling missing between primary and secondary, and many respondents may be at that level of schooling. It is interesting to note that the phenomenon also affects people with university degrees, who are still waiting for jobs in the area they have graduated and thus are being left out of the job market or new training opportunities.

The duration of unemployment varies from a few months up to two years. However, older people are likely to be away from these statistics because they no longer have contact with employment centers and these eventually lose track of their situation.

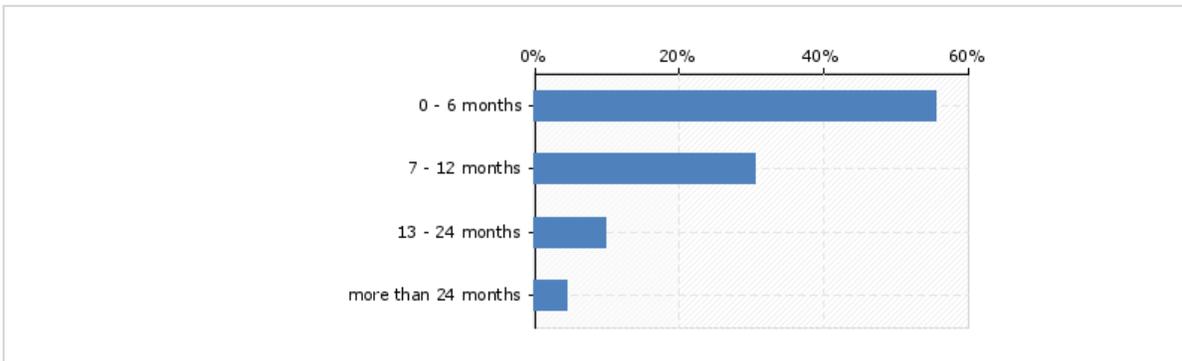
In which age group do you belong? (n = 92)



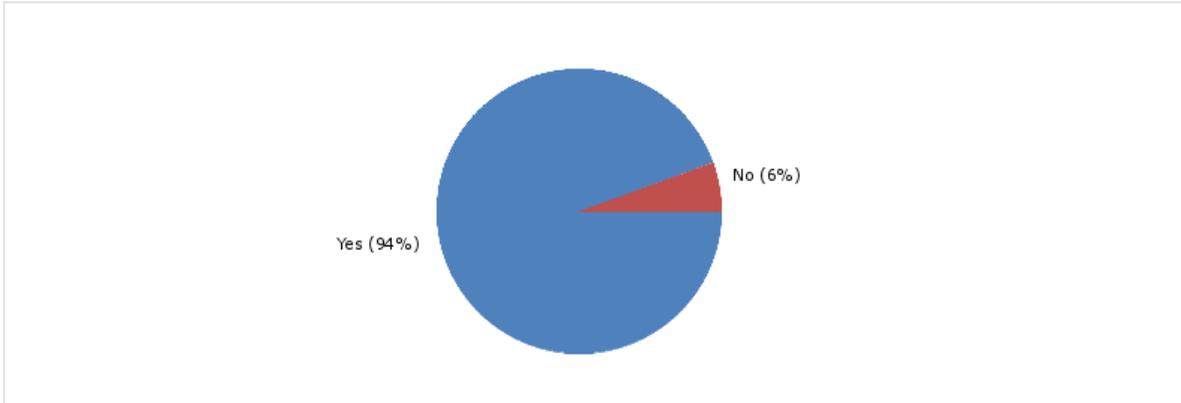
What is your highest level of formal education? (n = 91)



Duration of unemployment: (n = 92)



Are you registered in the public employment services? (n = 89)

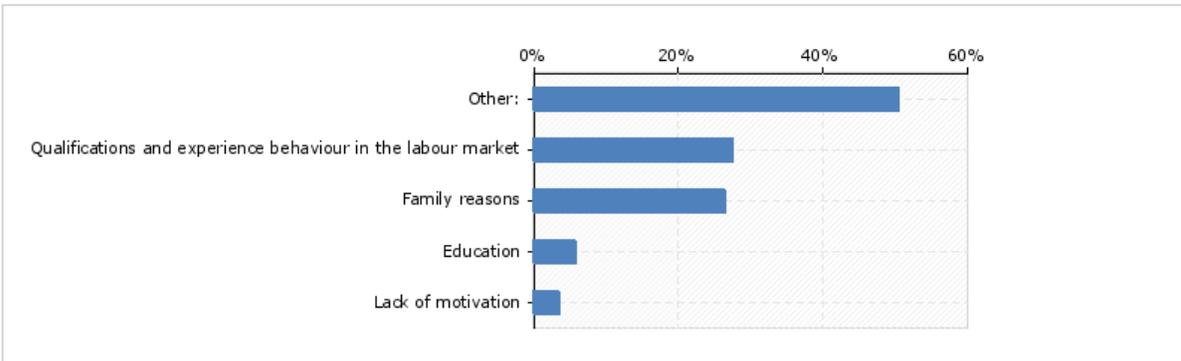


If you answered NO on previous question, why aren't you registered in the public employment services?

currently have a job.

What are the main reasons you are not in employment? (n = 87)

Multiple answers are possible



Answers	Frequency
Dismissal	2
The labour market	1
Pregnancy	3
Lack of transport	1
Lack of work in the area	3
End of contract	5
Few opportunities	1
Creation of own job	1

Return to Portugal	1
Seasonal	1
Lack of time of service	1
Unemployment constant	1
Timetables	1

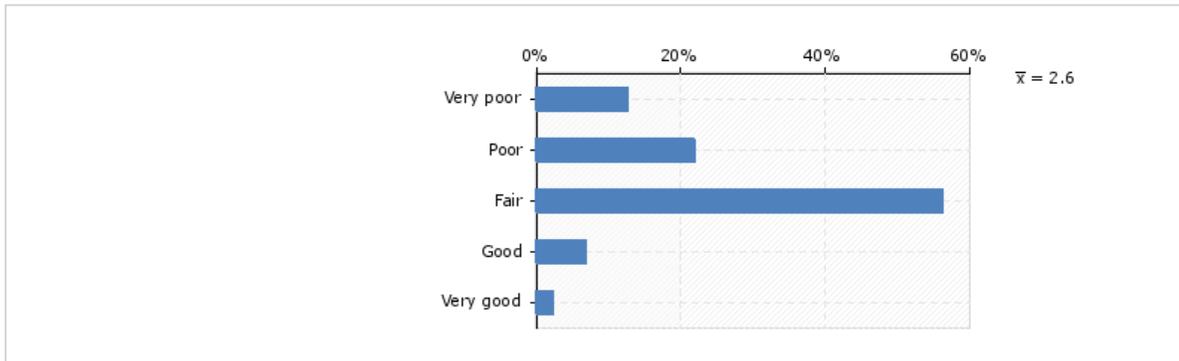
Reasons that led people to become NEETs or future NEETs

The reason for their lack of employment is essentially the lack of qualifications or different qualifications for the job that is announced. However, there are still a lot of answers where the family factor was the origin of the situation in which they are, it seems to us that in the women's case, pregnancy and the bringing up of the children end up causing the women to prefer to stay at home than to be paying nurseries or someone like a nanny. In the Algarve region there is also great seasonal unemployment, little stable employment or shifts related to tourism, causing these people to move from a situation of employment to unemployment in a few months and in a recurrent situation, so that they do not bet on training and alternative career paths, which makes people aging in future long-term unemployed. On the other hand, some people report that they are in a situation of unemployment because the wages of the job that comes up are little more than the amount they get, without having to leave home. If you account for what you earn and what you have to spend to move around and feed yourself in a working journey, people find that they won't be able to accept this less-paying job.

Please describe what is the background of the reason/s that you have ticked in previous question:

Want to work really hard and poorly paid, and the State helps so be
I've been having some problems in life and with my family
waiting for the opening of applications for a job at a hotel
the contract came to an end and the company chose to fire than spend.
I only have received job offers a distance of silves, and have 3 children one of them 2 years and with schedules that not for me
lack of slots in the grow in Armação, Pera and Alcantarilha (area of residence is Armacao de Pera)
lack of work in the area
for personal reasons of the employer, in order to restinguir the workstation
reasons of health and for having three children of minor dependants
I will travel
With effective link was proposed out to undo years of House. Would hire but rejected. Passed letter and all my rights.
little job
by situation I have I can't get a job that will be paid in terms
Although it should take responsibility for me, I have a great need to be validated and valued without advertise myself.
because nowadays only ask for the minimum with 1 year of experience
rotating schedules, having a minor child

How would you rate the level of support provided to unemployed youth by the national public employment services of your country? (n = 87)



Analysis of the unemployment situation by NEETs or future NEETs

It seems evident that there is a normal distribution (normal curve) as in regard to what people consider government subsidies for unemployed people, most of which state that the financial aid the government is currently spending is fair. However, there is a greater number of people who consider that government support is poor or very poor compared to the opposite, good or very good.

35% of the 87 respondents to this question consider that one of the obstacles they encounter when looking for a job has to do with the gap between their education and what the job market needs, and in some cases qualifications are an impediment to finding a job, as some jobs seek low qualifications. For people who are out of the market for family reasons, they say that the rigidity of the hours limit the employment, since in these conditions they needed a job with flexible schedules, to be able to also take care of the family in charge.

The lack of mentors and experienced facilitators comes soon after, and in some cases sending résumés or self-presentation is insufficient to find a good job.

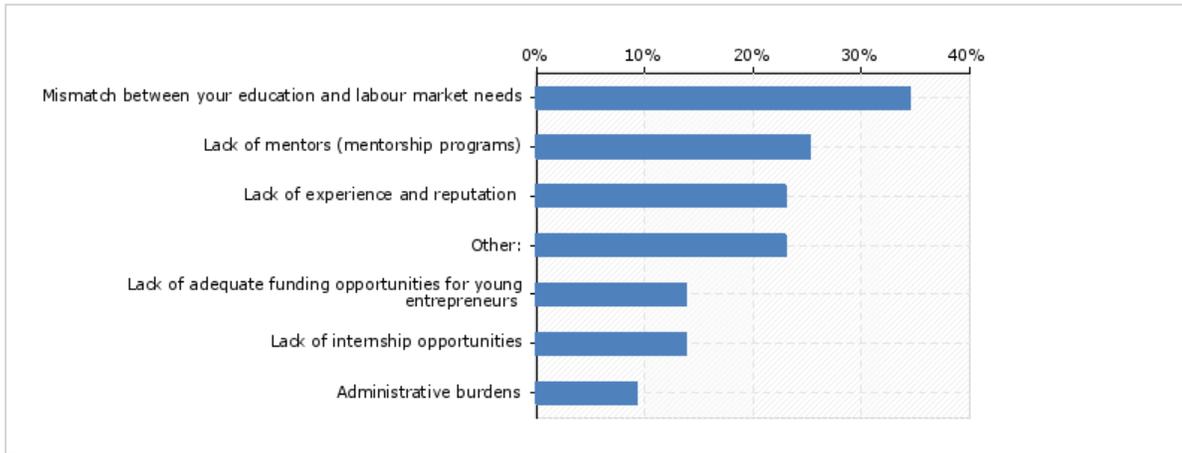
Young people complain about the lack of internships and opportunities to create their jobs.

Respondents stated that laws should be created to protect the worker in family support situations. The government should give more support to people seeking real and high-quality work, promote more employment, and make employment agencies profitable as job generators, in parallel with enterprises, by promoting the integration of young people so that they do not become long-term unemployed or employees in areas that are not very motivating, taking into account their training.

There appears to be little flexibility for those who have university and higher education to seek employment in areas other than their training, leading some to remain unemployed for years and years and continue, in some cases, to deepen their studies, but without a job prospect.

What are the main obstacles that you face when trying to find a job? (n = 87)

Multiple answers are possible



Answers	Frequency
compatibility of timetables for having minor children.	2
seasonality and salary	3
insecurity of existing offers and ties	1
Waits	1
lack of funding/budget	1
be selected in the midst of so many people	1
familiar and transport	1
risk pregnancy	1

**What measures could be taken by both the state and other actors to reduce youth unemployment?
What do you expect from society to do for you?**

to reduce youth unemployment should be created more laws to protect the jobs of parents to ensure better control of your learner
more support in seeking jobs and opportunities.
primarily offer opportunities to young people who entered recently into the labour market
more support.
help in the area for what a job well paid
pay more. don't expect anything.
work from home with some expenses to receive ordered that it is better to be quiet at home
be a better use of the unemployed at employment agencies
employment creation

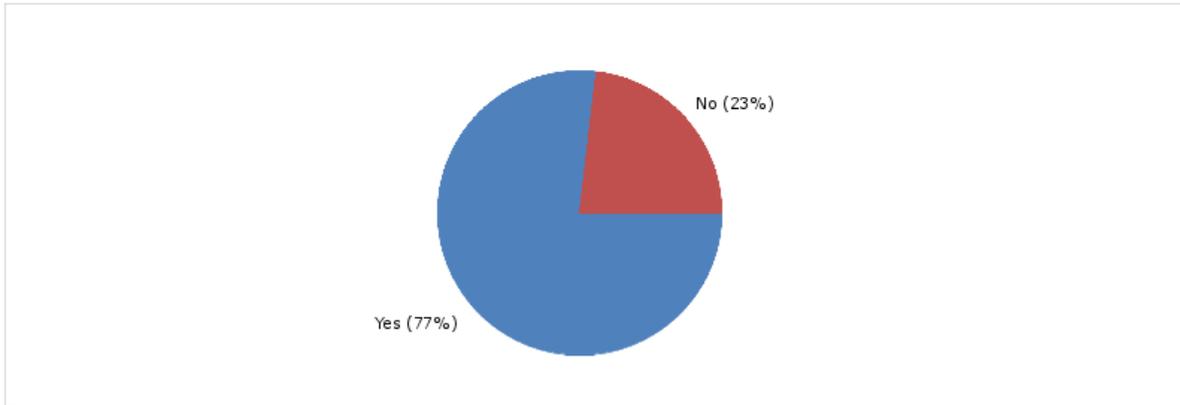
to create more jobs
create more jobs. open more public and private competitions and for graduates.
There is more employment opportunities for people with accessible and minor children in our area of residence.
create some support to help parents with dependent children
facilitate the bureaucracy involved and very high rates of ivas required by Government

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What is your preferred expert field for the future?

touristic maritime
work in fiber.
right now is domestic cleaning or level of estetica.
Sport
painting
have a professional multimedia course
lyrics
fun
collaborative economics
environmental engineering
mechanical engineering, machine tools, transportation
Sport (regular, adapted)
Secretariat /administration
administrative, marketing and industry marketing campaign.
restoration
human resources
hospitality
no preference
get a job
cleaning
Comercio
Laundry

Do you know your competences? (n = 86)



If you answer YES on previous question, what are your competences?

I consider myself a person dedicated, committed, willing to achieve goals
Entrepreneur
Development and leadership
I'm organized and responsible
I acquired at school in professional course
organized, good working spirit, teamwork
Versatility
happy to guide and direct a team of work..
I like working as a team, do whatever it takes within the I know, responsible,
I was a busboy in restaurants, and before my son was born I was taking a course of secondary level pastry area and half of the pregnancy I had to leave
work with computers and computer systems
working time and knowledge
hard-working and organized
because I like my job
I'm smart, do any work since that act like

Personal vision that NEET or future NEET has of you and the opportunities of training and employment

77% of the 86 respondents stated that they know the two professional competencies. They point out the organization, the dedication, the ability to work as a team as the skills they have and that can be useful in the future work.

Some point out that they would like to contribute to the society by setting up their own business or that they would like society to recognize their capabilities without some overtaking others in the search for a job. They speak of more justice and recognition in the attribution of employment and of helping society in the field of training, which is not always the case.

61% of the respondents said that they did not know what tools, support and resources they needed to be able to resume training or find a job. It seems that these people, even though they are registered in the job center, are lost as to how they can be professionally valued or find a job, saying that the resources they know are just the job center they are enrolled in.

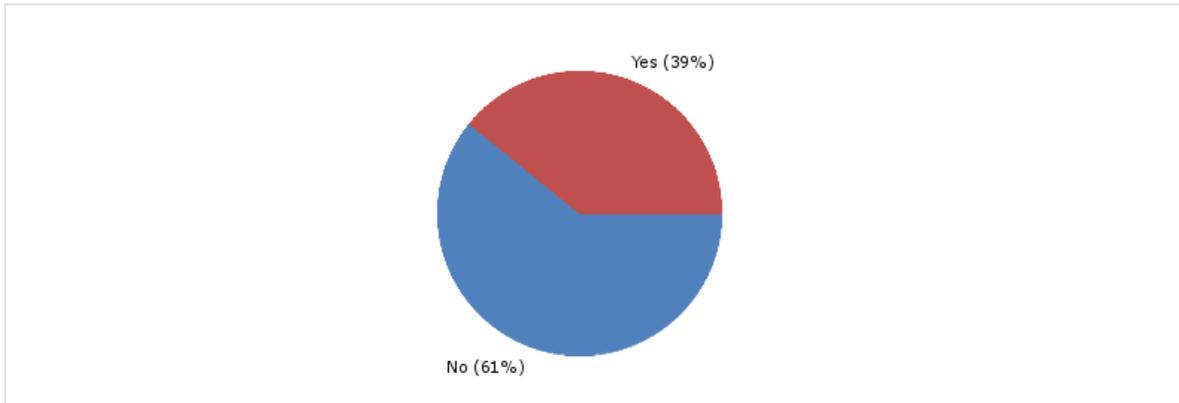
Respondents stated that there should be more meetings and events with potential employers and field workshops with regard to non-formal training. The promotion of youth exchanges and volunteering, a cultural aspect not valued in Portugal, could help integration and find employment in the future.

What do you think you could contribute to society?

implement my own business.
should society be more egalitarian, there should be a spirit of mutual aid, where it was allowed to show what he is worth and what you can do, without having to step over anyone.
help others
promote employment of surroundings
educate, teaching
could help human beings who need support as I study them and help them get revenge on life.
have a fun park for families with children
When I can help the next, and demonstrate how much you can do and help
all I can
improve the quality of life at work
Anything
I would like to give my contribution as a driver in my future
create a company.
If work help the society
person helping people have a better quality of life
Open a business
provide a personalized service and quality
could help in a hospital
be more useful at the level of my study area

the health área
help those in need

Do you know what are the available resources that would help you go back to school/Faculty or finding a job? (n = 84)



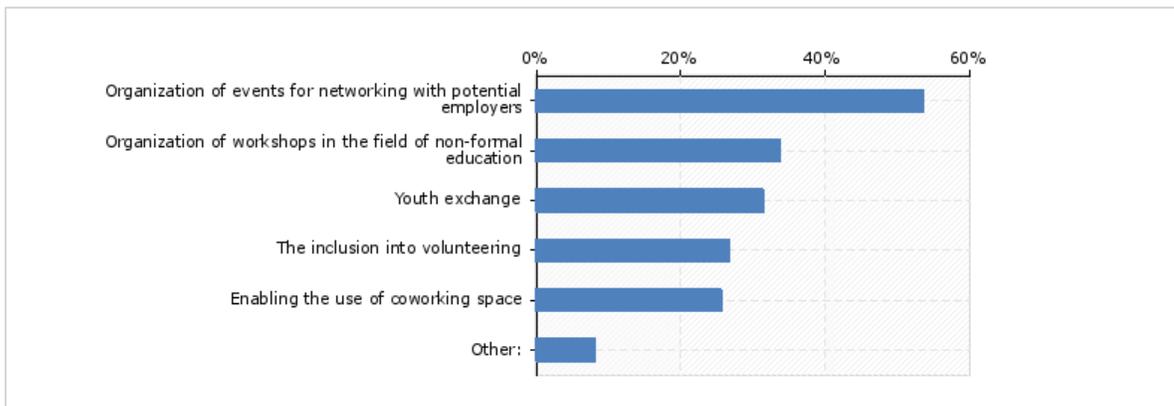
If you answered YES on previous question, which available resources are there?

more training and yes there is.
can I continue to study
IEFP, private companies
internet
Maçanica
Job Centre and professional formation
over 23

Please provide how youth work could play a role in reducing youth unemployment and/or any other comment you might have on the specific issue. *YOUTH WORK: Youth work can be defined as a broad range of activities (e.g. social, cultural, educational, sports-related and political) carried out with, by and for young people through non-formal and informal learning. Youth work has three essential features: - Young people choose to participate; - The work takes place where the young people are; - It recognizes that the young person and the youth worker are partners in a learning process. Youth work helps young people to reach their full potential. It encourages personal development, autonomy, initiative and participation in society. (http://ec.europa.eu/youth/policy/implementation/work_en.htm)

(n = 86)

Multiple answers are possible



Answers	Frequency
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